1	Mr. Vigna had gotten up to object,
2	but the witness says that he doesn't know.
3	I don't know if that was in the
4	evidence. That's what I am saying, it might have been
- 5	in the evidence that I heard in that case, Ms Kulaszka.
6	MS KULASZKA: If someone is a
7	respondent at a hearing, in a complaint before the
8	Commission, and they are also the subject of either a
9	criminal charge or a search warrant, do you have an
10	arrangement with the police to exchange information
11	regarding that person?
12	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I object to
13	the question.
14	THE CHAIRPERSON: Why?
15	MR. VIGNA: Unless the question is
16	made more clear, because I don't quite understand
17	Maybe the question could be better
18	specified. Then I wouldn't have a need to object.
19	MS KULASZKA: It is clear that in
20	several of these cases this is to be remedial
21	legislation. It is to ameliorate discrimination, and
22	yet, when we look at these cases, very often police
23	officers are being called to testify, and they are
24	using evidence that police powers have been used to
25	garner, and this evidence is being put forward in front
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1		of hearings to do with remedial legislation.
2		So I am trying to get at: What is
3	5- W	the relationship between the police and the Commission
4		in these cases.
5		THE CHAIRPERSON: Right. So let's
6		hear your question.
7		MS KULASZKA: That's my question.
8		What is the relationship between the police and the
9		Commission in these types of cases?
10	3K 3S	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I would object
11		under section 37, in terms of information that is
12		provided as part of the investigation.
13		It is known to the Tribunal, as part
14	ω ' ' i	of several hearings, that police officers were called
15	1,	in Tribunal hearings. I don't think we need to know
16	K 6	more than that.
17	1 12	In any civil proceeding, it doesn't
18		impede a police officer, as a witness of certain facts,
19		to be called before the civil proceeding, also.
20	e e	But if we go further than that, in
21		terms of trying to find out about investigation
22		techniques, and what has been said between the police
23		and
24		THE CHAIRPERSON: I think what is
25	5 20°	being alluded to, if I understood Ms Kulaszka's

1		comments just before the question, is whether some sort
2	y w	of protocol exists, or an understanding, between these
3		two actors on this stage, if I could use the term.
4	El IV	I think that is the point of her
5		question.
6		Is that correct, Ms Kulaszka?
7		MS KULASZKA: Yes.
8		THE CHAIRPERSON: I don't know to
9		what extent
10	40 m	Let me back up a bit. That would
11	8.	also, for them, be part of their ultimate submissions
12	235	on the larger question.
13	6	That is the specific question, Mr.
14	EI .	Vigna. Are you invoking section 37 to prevent this
15		witness from telling us if there is some sort of
16	9 %	understanding in place between police forces in Canada
17	æ	and the Commission on the exchange of information?
18		Would that be the question, Ms
19	* A (	Kulaszka?
20	w <sup>r</sup>	MS KULASZKA: Yes, the exchange and
21		use of information.
22	85 26 gr = 10	THE CHAIRPERSON: That is the
23		question.
24		Are you objecting under section 37,
25	4,	Mr. Vigna?
		9 8

1	If you are, I would ask you to
2	specify to me the specific public interest being
3	invoked.
4	MR. VIGNA: If the question is
5	limited to only that specific question, but not to go
6	any further into the details, I will not object. But
7	if it goes further, I will object based on public
8	interest and investigation techniques.
9	THE CHAIRPERSON: I am going to ask
10	you to specify that every time from now on, just so it
11	is clear on the record.
12	You heard the question, sir?
13	MR. STEACY: Yes, I think I am clear
14	We don't have any specific written
15	agreements with any police forces on the sharing of
16	information.
17	MS KULASZKA: Is there any kind of
18	oral agreement?
19	MR. STEACY: Yes.
20	MS KULASZKA: What is that?
21	MR. VIGNA: I object, Mr. Chair, on
22	the grounds that I mentioned earlier, investigation
23	techniques and the public interest.
24	MS KULASZKA: The question is the
25	same, except, is it written or oral?

1	5.	He said there was no written. I
2	3 4 "	asked was there oral, and he said yes.
3	25g F	So it's the same question.
4		MR. VIGNA: But she is asking
5	ē,	further, in terms of what the agreement is.
6		THE CHAIRPERSON: Are you invoking
7	× 1	section 37 of the Canada Evidence Act, that the
8	2 5	information should not be disclosed on the grounds of a
9		specified public interest?
10		And that specified public interest
11		is?
12.		MR. VIGNA: Jeopardizing the
13		investigations and the operations of the Commission, as
14		well as potential criminal investigations.
15	3 <sup>9</sup>	THE CHAIRPERSON: That is the answer.
16		They have invoked section 37. You will have it on the
17		transcript, Ms Kulaszka.
18		MS KULASZKA: You were the
19		investigator on a complaint filed by Andrew Guille
20	10	against an Alan Dutton, were you not?
21		MR. STEACY: Yes, I was.
22		MS KULASZKA: During the course of
23		writing your report you contacted the police in London,
24	100 mg/s 1	did you not?
25		MR. STEACY: Yes, I did.

1	MS KULASZKA: I will read from your
2	investigator's report.
3	For the Tribunal, that is found in
4	R-3, at Tab 3. The pages aren't numbered, but the
5	investigator's report is four pages from the back.
6	Mr. Steacy, I am going to read from
7	paragraph 10 of your investigator's report. It is
8	found at page 3 of 5.
9	THE CHAIRPERSON: This is the
10	investigation report in the Andrew Guille file.
11	MS KULASZKA: That's right.
12	This was a complained filed by Andrew
13	Guille against Mr. Dutton. Right?
14	MR. STEACY: I believe it was
15	actually against "recomnet".
16	Mr. Dutton is the Executive Director
17	of the organization that runs that website.
18	MS KULASZKA: I am looking at page 1,
19	which is the actual complaint, and the respondents were
20	Alan Dutton, Helmut-Harry Loewen, Dale Cornish and
21	Analogue Echo.
22	MR. STEACY: I believe that Analogue
23	Echo was taken out of the actual complaint.
24	The rest of what you have there
2.5	sounds correct.

1	i M	S KULASZKA: At paragraph 10 of your
2	investigator's repo	ort you wrote:
3	A No.	"On July 13, 2006, the
4		investigator interviewed Sgt.
5	e To	Don McKinnon of the London
6	and the second	Police Force. He indicated that
7	. Br	Mr. Guille's contention that he
8 9		is not a member of any white supremacist or neo-Nazi
10	e e e e e	organization is technically
11	2 B 1 1	correct because none of these
12		organizations compile membership
13		lists. However, he advised that
14		Mr. Guille is known by the
15		police to be closely associated
16	9 8 N 2 <sub>4</sub>	with white supremacist
17		organizations in the
18		southwestern Ontario region. He
19		indicated that he also has
20		pictures of Mr. Guille partying
21		with white supremacists at
22		several different rallies that
23		they have held in southwestern
24		Ontario."
25	To	get that information did you just
		StenoTran

1	call up Sgt. McKinnon?
. 2	MR. STEACY: Yes.
3	MS KULASZKA: And he freely gave you
4	this information?
5	MR. STEACY: Yes.
6	MS KULASZKA: Is he a member of the
7	Hate Crimes Unit down there?
8	MR. STEACY: I believe so.
9	MS KULASZKA: Is it understood,
10	basically, that if you need information, they will
11	freely give that information to you concerning people
12	of interest?
13	MR. STEACY: I wouldn't characterize
14	it that they would freely give me any information.
15	MS KULASZKA: Are there any rules
16	about confidentiality of this type of information that
17	the police may have on people?
18	MR. STEACY: You would have to ask
19	the police.
20	MS KULASZKA: But as far as your
21	experience at the Commission is concerned, they will
22	basically give you any kind of information you want
23	about someone?
24	MR. STEACY: No, that's not correct.
2,5	MS KULASZKA: Have you been refused
	Q. T

1		information?
2		MR. STEACY: Yes.
3		MS KULASZKA: What kind of
4		information?
5	7.00	MR. VIGNA: Objection, Mr. Chair.
6		Section 37. What kind of information is being obtained
7		or refused, I think it would be part of the
8		investigative privilege.
9		THE CHAIRPERSON: Say that again?
10		MR. VIGNA: Section 37. Public
11		interest. The information that would be disclosed or
12	4	not disclosed, I think, would be all part of the same
13		privilege, the public interest privilege, that this
14		type of information does not need to be put in the
15		public domain.
16		THE CHAIRPERSON: Okay. You have
17		mixed up the terms, but I gather you are invoking the
18		exact same reasons that you just invoked earlier,
19		section 37?
20		MR. VIGNA: Yes.
21	19	THE CHAIRPERSON: It is noted for the
22		record.
23		Ms Kulaszka?
24	8	MS KULASZKA: How often do you think
25	£1	you would use the police as a source of information in

1	doing your investigations?
2	MR. STEACY: It would depend on the
3	case.
4	MS KULASZKA: Is it a regular feature
5	of your investigations?
6	MR. STEACY: Again, it would depend
7	on the case.
8	MS KULASZKA: What would it depend
9	on?
10	MR. STEACY: It would depend on the
11	information that was gathered during the investigation
12	process.
13	In the normal course, I don't pick up
14	the phone and call any police department on a section
15	13 complaint.
16	MS KULASZKA: Why did you call police
17	in this instance?
18	MR. STEACY: Based on the information
19	that was put forward by the respondent, and the fact
20	that they had, in their documentation, intimated that
21	Mr. Guille was involved with white supremacist
22	organizations, and Mr. Guille had said no, that he
23	wasn't, basically the information in the file came back
24	that I was sort of in the situation where I had
25.	one it was a "he said/he said" sort of situation,

1 × "	and I attempted	to verify the validity of the
2,,	statements.	
3	e de la companya de l	MS KULASZKA: What did it matter who
4	Mr. Guille was?	
5	e 80 8	MR. STEACY: It mattered in the sense
6	that the respond	ent had raised it as an issue to the
7	veracity of the	complaint.
8	5 % # # #	MS KULASZKA: The veracity of the
9	complaint?	
10		MR. STEACY: Basically they were
11	alleging that the	e complaint was trivial or frivolous,
12	vexatious, and ma	ade in bad faith.
13	e u A	MS KULASZKA: In fact, you found that
14	there had been a	violation of section 13 on that
15	website.	
16	9 28	It was "recomnetwork", was it not?
17		MR. STEACY: Yes. I found that there
18	had been a techn	ical violation of section 13.
19		MS KULASZKA: In fact, there were
20	many postings on	that website that were quite racist,
21	were there not?	
22		MR. STEACY: There were postings on
23	the website that	would have fallen within the test of
24	13(1), yes.	
25	2	I don't remember the exact number.
	* *	C. T. T.

1	10	THE CHAIRPERSON:	Did you just say
2	that you made a	finding that ther	e was a technical
3	violation of se	ction 13?	To the second second
4		MR. STEACY: Yes	, sir.
5		THE CHAIRPERSON:	But your ultimate
6	recommendation,	as I read it here	, was that the
7	complaint be di	smissed. Right?	
8		MR. STEACY: Yes	
9	2 E	MR. VIGNA: I wo	uld refer you to
1.0	paragraph 22, M	r. Chair.	8 × × , 2
11	8.4	THE CHAIRPERSON:	I see. The summary
12	is there.	2 2 10	
13		MS KULASZKA: Ye	s, it starts at
14	paragraph 21, w	hich states:	8 4 4
15		"In this co	ntext, CAERS appears
16		to have tec	hnically violated
17	1 × 2 1	section 13	of the Act by
18		allowing po	stings containing
19	4, 4	hatred to a	ppear on its website.
20		As well, CA	ERS allowed many of
21		the links t	o neo-Nazi and white
22	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	supremacist	organizations
23		contained w	ithin Mr. Warman's
24		complaints	to remain active,
25		thereby all	owing Internet users
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1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	to directly access the potential
2		hate websites. During the
3		course of investigation, Alan
4		Dutton, Director of CAERS,
5		stated in an interview with the
6		investigator that he was not
7	e" s	aware that the hyperlinks were
8		active. He also stated that as
9		for the postings, these were
10	Car Sa X B Sa A	being placed on Recomnetwork.org
11		in order to embarrass CAERS and
12		prevent them from carrying out
13	# 11 W	their anti-racist work. He then
14	8	stated that Recomnetwork.org was
15		taking steps to install filters
16		that would prevent these
17		harassing postings."
18	Is th	nat correct?
19	MR. S	STEACY: Yes.
20	MS KU	JLASZKA: So your summary was
21	that, although section	13 had been violated, CAERS had
22	taken steps to prevent	individuals from posting
23	material that could be	considered offensive and/or
24	hateful and had reorga	nized its website so that
25	postings could not occ	ur without being monitored.

Τ.	, i	- 54	is that right?
2	251		MR. STEACY: Yes. As well, they
3			killed the hyperlink, so that if you clicked on it you
4			couldn't go to the link.
5			MS KULASZKA: Your recommendation was
6	5.00		that the Commission shouldn't deal with the complaint,
7			and one of the reasons was that the matter had been
8			redressed.
9			MR. STEACY: Yes.
10			MS KULASZKA: Is this a typical
11			procedure for the Commission, that if the respondent
12			has redressed the situation complained of, and the
13			material is removed, that, in fact, the recommendation
14	S		is that the matter not go to a tribunal?
15	91		MR. STEACY: Typical? Again, it will
16		5	depend on all of the facts of the case.
17			MS KULASZKA: I have just given you
18			the facts.
19			MR. STEACY: Based on the facts that
20			I put in that investigation report, I made a
21			recommendation.
22			MS KULASZKA: Yes, and that is what I
23	gwe.		am saying to you. The matter had been redressed. They
24			had removed the hyperlinks. They had reorganized their
25	69		website to make sure that the postings couldn't appear,

1	or they were removed
2	Were they removed?
3	MR. STEACY: The postings were
4	removed, yes.
5	MS KULASZKA: Would it be the policy
6	of the Commission that, at that point, the complaint
7	should not go to a tribunal?
8	That would be your recommendation?
9	MR. STEACY: On this case, yes.
10	MS KULASZKA: What kind of directions
11	are you given in these matters?
12	Are you given guidelines about the
13	kinds of actions that you would recommend, given what a
14	respondent has done?
15	MR. STEACY: What would happen is,
16	once I completed my investigation report, the report
17	would be submitted to the Anti-hate Team, and it would
18	be discussed, and if everybody on the team was in
19	agreement with the appropriateness of the report, it
20	would then be disclosed to the complainant and the
21	respondent.
22	If, during the discussion of the
23	Anti-hate Team, members felt that something more was
24	needed, or they didn't necessarily agree with the
25	recommendation, it would be discussed and it could

1	553 W	involve more investigation or it could involve that the
2		investigation report would then be sent on to our Case
3	i i	Support Committee for review.
4		In this case it was determined that
5.		the team felt that CAERS had taken the appropriate
6	a *	steps to try to resolve the issues that were being
7	945 94 - 1	complained of.
8	2 E 19	MS KULASZKA: When you started doing
9		section 13 complaints, what kind of training were you
10		given?
11	* i	MR. STEACY: I wasn't given any
12		specific training, other than the investigative
13	). );	training that I had received at the Commission.
14		MS KULASZKA: What about identifying
15		hate material?
16	40	MR. STEACY: I wasn't given any
17		specific training by an outside organization or another
18		organization on hate material.
19		MS KULASZKA: What about within the
20		Commission itself?
21		MR. STEACY: It was on-the-job
22	186	training.
23		MS KULASZKA: So what kind of
24	3	training were you given?
25	23	MR. STEACY: I learned on the job. I

1		learned through what was at the Tribunal with the
2		Zündel case and what had been put forward in Nealy and
3		Taylor. This was the basis for what hatred and the
4		elicitation of hatred and contempt should be.
5		MS KULASZKA: Are you given any kind
6		of policy guidelines that you must follow during an
7		investigation general policy guidelines in handling
8	-1	an investigation?
9	**	MR. STEACY: Yes, we have our
10		Policies and Procedures Manual.
11		MS KULASZKA: In that manual, are you
12	1/1	given any direction about what action you should take
13		when a respondent takes down the offensive material?
	* s s * * * *	when a respondent takes down the offensive material?  MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is
13	1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
13 14		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is
13 14 15		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.
13 14 15 16		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan
13 14 15 16 17		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?
13 14 15 16 17		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?  MR. STEACY: Yes.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: On the telephone?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: On the telephone?  MR. STEACY: Yes.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: On the telephone?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: In those telephone
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		MR. STEACY: I don't believe there is anything specific about that in the manual.  MS KULASZKA: Did you speak with Alan Dutton during this investigation?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: On the telephone?  MR. STEACY: Yes.  MS KULASZKA: In those telephone conversations, you made him aware of your concerns?

1	MR. STEACY: Yes, I did.
2	MS KULASZKA: How many conversations
3	do you think you had?
4	MR. STEACY: I had a couple of
5	conversations with him.
6	MS KULASZKA: Did he send you letters
7	indicating what progress was being made to redress the
8	situation?
9	MR. STEACY: I was provided
10	correspondence, yes.
11	MS KULASZKA: Your goal as an
12	investigator under section 13 is what?
13	MR. STEACY: As in any investigation,
14	it is to gather the facts presented by the complainant
15	and the respondent and write a report, so that the
16	facts are before the commissioners, so the
17	commissioners can make a decision.
18	MS KULASZKA: But in this case you
19	went beyond that, didn't you? You actually talked to
20	Alan Dutton and you expressed your concerns.
21	You have a conversation, isn't that
22	right, and he determines how he can have this complaint
23	dismissed?
24	MR. STEACY: The Act allows, at any
25	time during the course of a complaint process, the

1		Commission to attempt to settle the case.
2	7	MS KULASZKA: Is that what you were
3		doing?
4		A. Yes, I guess.
5	3.9	One of the things we ask a
6		complainant in the complaint process in the
7	e si	process is what they are looking for to resolve the
8		complaint.
9	8, 4	As you have stated, our Act is
10		remedial.
11	=:	We ask all complainants what they are
12,		looking for to resolve the complaint, and Mr. Guille
13		had outlined that in his correspondence, and it was
14		apparent from the information that had been provided by
15		Mr. Dutton that there appeared to be a possibility of
16		rectifying the complaint through settlement.
17		However, that didn't sort of come to
18	5	fruition, so there is not a settlement document, there
19		is an investigation report, which sort of outlines the
20	¥.	steps that happened or what happened, and the
21	e 51	recommendation.
22		MS KULASZKA: There are sort of two
23	EC III	ways that things can go.
24		The parties can agree to mediate, the
25		Commission can order conciliation, and the third way is
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1	through the investigator. The investigator can contact
2	the respondent and let them know what needs to be done
3	to have the matter resolved, which is what you did.
4	MR. STEACY: In essence, yes.
5	That is a generalization, but, yes.
6	MS KULASZKA: In the Guille case, as
7	well, you state at paragraph 23:
8	"The investigator reviewed the
9	material on CAERS' website and
10	it would appear that the
11	documents are the actual
12	complaint forms made by Richard
13	Warman. As such, the
14	reproduction of the said
15	material has been used for
16	educational purposes and not to
17	elicit hatred and/or contempt
18	within the ambit of section 13
19	of the Act."
20	Of what relevance is why the material
21	was posted?
22	Say that it was for educational
23	purposes. Is intent relevant under this Act?
24	MR. STEACY: No.
25	MS KULASZKA: So why did you even

1	N.	include this in your report?
2		MR. STEACY: It's context. It's the
. 3	35 35	context of what and why the information was on that
4		MS KULASZKA: You are speaking about
5		intent, Mr. Steacy, not context.
6	*	MR. STEACY: No. If intent if it
7		was otherwise, the recommendation would have been to
8	9 E E	dismiss without the proviso that there had been a
9		technical violation.
10		MS KULASZKA: So you are looking at
11	.0.	motivation intent.
12	ic (	MR. STEACY: No.
13	26	MS KULASZKA: So if your motivation
14		is for education, and your motivation isn't hostile,
15	y Y y	that makes all the difference to you.
16		MR. STEACY: I wouldn't paraphrase it
17	1	like that, no.
18		I don't look at motivation, and I
19		don't look at intent, I look at the facts of the case
20		that are presented by both parties, and, as our Act is
21	£1	remedial, if there is a way to resolve the issues that
22		are being complained of for both the respondent and the
23	100	complainant, then, as an investigator, I will try to
24		pursue that in any case. If I can resolve it that way,
25	ж	then I do that. If I can't, I can't.

1		It's a matter of the facts that are
2		presented by the parties in the case.
3	2	I don't look at motivation or intent.
4	8	MS KULASZKA: In this case, the
5		material was reproduced, and you said that it has been
6		used for educational purposes and not to elicit hatred
7		That goes to the intent of using the information.
8	13	MR. STEACY: That is the position of
9		the respondent, that that is the reason they had it on
10		the website.
11		MS KULASZKA: So you really don't
12	225	have any problem with racist material being posted, as
13	v 1/2	long as it is for a good purpose.
14	72 gr	MR. STEACY: I can't answer that
15	*	question.
16		It is not my job as a civil servant
17		to have problems with or not problems with anything
18	18	that is posted on any website. If somebody complains
19		that there is a violation of section 13(1), I am given
20		a file and I process that file regardless of who the
21		complainant is or who the respondent is.
22	6.0	I do the same thing with any file
23		that I get. If it's a complaint on religion, colour,
24		national or ethnic origin, disability, I process the
25		file and the complaint that is given to me. It is not

1	my job to say who is right or who is wrong. It	is not
2	my job as an investigator to do that. I gather	facts,
3	provide the information in a report, and, yes,	there is
4	a recommendation for the commissioners, but the	
5	commissioners make the ultimate decision, not m	e.
6	MS KULASZKA: But you would ag	ree
7	that this complaint included such things as thi	s ×
8	posting:	
9	"Lousy kikes. They are a	.lways
10	bitching about the holoho	ax.
11	Hitler should have gassed	them
12	all and we shouldn't have	this
13	problem. The same with t	he
14	worthless gypsies."	×
15	It was that kind of thing, was	n't it?
16	MR. STEACY: Pardon me?	n z
17	MS KULASZKA: It was those kin	ds of
18	postings.	
19	THE CHAIRPERSON: Where are yo	u
20	reading from?	
21	MS KULASZKA: I am reading fro	m the
22	actual complaint.	
23	It is the same tab, and it is	the
24	third page from the front.	
25	MR. STEACY: That was what was	being
	StenoTran	2 ×

1		complained of by Mr. Guille in his complaint. Those
2		are his allegations as to what was there.
3		MS KULASZKA: Did you view that
4		online?
5	8	MR. STEACY: I am trying to remember
6		now. I don't recall if I viewed that specific posting,
7		but when I went in and looked at the website, there
8		were postings, yes.
9		MS KULASZKA: In this complaint,
10		CAERS said that the matter was trivial, frivolous,
11		vexatious or in bad faith, and they provided you with a
12		posting from Stormfront.org. It was by a user with the
13		pseudonym Fenrisson. Correct?
14		MR. STEACY: Yes.
15		MS KULASZKA: You talk about that at
16		paragraph 7 of your report, and you quote from the
17		Fenrisson post that had been provided to you by CAERS,
18		and the post says:
19		"For the rest of us we can use
20		the CHRC to our advantage. As
21		it costs no more than the price
22		of an envelope you can file a
23		claim against someone without
24		fear of legal retaliation as you
25	10	are protected by the CHRC from
		StenoTran

1		such. Should someone who comes
2	e sai w N	after our own say or do
3		something that even remotely
4		contravenes the rules of the
5	e "	commissionthey may find that
6		they are suddenly swamped with
7	, t a	dozens of claims against them.
8		If nothing else it bogs down an
9	2	already stressed system designed
10		to destroy us, all for the price
11.		of a letter."
12	(c) (t)	Did you ask Mr. Guille if he had
13	(B)	written that post?
14	2 2 2	MR. STEACY: I believe I asked him if
15		he was aware of the post when I sent him the
16	v (8	respondent's summary of the information that they
17	w.	provided. I don't recall if I asked him if he wrote
18	541 5m	that, but I do recall asking him if he was aware of it.
19		MS KULASZKA: And was he?
20	8 5	MR. STEACY: He indicated that he
21		wasn't.
22		MS KULASZKA: The Fenrisson post is
23	N Jr	located at Tab 17 of the large binder, which is R-17.
24		It is page 5, at the bottom.
25		Perhaps your assistant could give you
		StenoTran

:1	an idea of what t	that posting is, so you could identify
2	it.	
3	a 6 8 a	Were you given a copy of the entire
4	posting?	
5	Pause	
6		MR. STEACY: Could you repeat the
7	question, please?	
8		MS KULASZKA: I just wanted you to
9	identify the post	ing as the one that you were given by
10	CAERS.	
11	av e	MR. STEACY: Yes.
12	e se <sup>n</sup> s	MS KULASZKA: That is the posting?
13		MR. STEACY: Yes.
14	8 7 4 2	MS KULASZKA: I would like to produce
15	that posting.	
16	140 M	THE CHAIRPERSON: Just page 5?
17		MS KULASZKA: I think we could just
18	produce pages 5 a	and 6. The rest of it really isn't
19	necessary.	
20		THE CHAIRPERSON: But is it a
21	continuum?	
22		MS KULASZKA: It is part of a whole
23	thread that this	Fenrisson
24	5	Unless you want the whole thread
25		THE CHAIRPERSON: I am a little
	#/	

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1		concerned when we	don't include the whole thread,	
2		because it may be	come an issue as to what date it w	as,
3		or whatever, and	you are able to see that from the	
4	W.	front page and so	on.	
5	id k		MS KULASZKA: Then, could we produ	.ce
6		the whole thread?		8
7	et g		THE CHAIRPERSON: Is there an	
8		objection?		į.
9	e **	, , , , ,	MR. VIGNA: No, I don't have an	
10		objection, but it	is not related to this witness,	
11		obviously.	a St. s	
12	jii		THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. We w	ill
13	* .	produce the whole	tab.	
14		e grande	MS KULASZKA: Mr. Steacy, do you h	.ave
15		any proof that Mr	. Guille wrote that posting?	
16	r €	4	MR. STEACY: I never indicated in	the
17		report that he di	d write that posting.	
18	*		MS KULASZKA: And you had no proof	le
19	2 N	that he was aware	of it?	
20	2.0	g e <sup>g</sup>	MR. STEACY: He indicated that he	had
21	± 11.5	no awareness of i	t. "	
22			MS KULASZKA: Do you know who	
23		Fenrisson is?		
24			MR. STEACY: I have an idea of who	he
25		is.		

1	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I object to
. 2	speculation on matters that Mr. Steacy doesn't know
3	anything about.
4	THE CHAIRPERSON: He just said that
5	he has an idea of who it is. Perhaps he knows.
6	MR. STEACY: In stating that I have
· 7	an idea of who he is, I haven't gone into any great
8	detail to track down who specifically, to make sure
9	that what I found
10	I haven't verified it. So for me to
11	say that it is specifically an individual, I can't do
12	that because I haven't verified it.
13	THE CHAIRPERSON: So your concern is
14	that you would be
15	MR. STEACY: Saying that I know who
16	it is, when it isn't that person, because I haven't
17	taken the steps to determine if it is that individual.
18	THE CHAIRPERSON: Is it really
19	relevant, Ms Kulaszka?
20	MS KULASZKA: No. I don't want him
21	naming somebody if he doesn't
22	THE CHAIRPERSON: It might be a false
23	accusation.
24	MS KULASZKA: No, I don't want that.
25	What steps would you take to identify
	StenoTran

1	who Fenrisson is?
2	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I don't think
3	that is relevant. Indirectly, it goes, again, to
4	investigation techniques.
5	But, even before that, what is the
·6	relevance of finding out what the steps are to find ou
7	who Fenrisson is in terms of the constitutional
8	argument or even the case on the merits?
9	THE CHAIRPERSON: Do you need the
10	steps themselves, Ms Kulaszka?
11	We have heard a lot about these steps
12	already, haven't we?
13	MS KULASZKA: It would show the
14	extent to which they can identify somebody making these
15	postings.
16	THE CHAIRPERSON: And then what?
17	The purpose being?
18	Is there a broader purpose?
19	MS KULASZKA: Yes, there is a broader
20	purpose that I would like to base an argument on.
21	THE CHAIRPERSON: Go on. You are
22	afraid to say
23	MS KULASZKA: My concern is that the
24	postings by Mr. Warman were made under the pseudonym
25	"Axe to Grind"

	THE CHAIRPERSON: Yes.
	MS KULASZKA: and was there any
	way they could find out who was making those postings.
	Did they realize it was Mr. Warman?
2	Did you know that Mr. Warman was
	making posts on Stormfront.org?
	THE CHAIRPERSON: We are on a
E 94	different line now.
	MR. STEACY: No, I didn't become
9	aware of it until it was in the Tribunal documentation.
	MS KULASZKA: Did you know that he
2	made posts on VNN?
9	MR. STEACY: No, I did not.
	MS KULASZKA: Were complaints
	subsequently made about those postings?
- 37 E	MR. STEACY: There is a complaint in
© 1	process right now, yes, from Mr. Lemire about Mr.
	Warman's postings.
(d <sup>(k)</sup>	MS KULASZKA: Mr. Kulbashian, did he
	lay a complaint?
	MR. STEACY: Mr. Kulbashian has put
	in several complaints.
a <sup>ii</sup>	MS KULASZKA: Okay. Let's go back to
	the Fenrisson post. How did you use the Fenrisson post
	in the Andrew Guille complaint?

1		MR. STEACY: It was part of what was
2	3	provided by the respondent in their defence as to what
3		was happening with the complaint.
4		MS KULASZKA: Did you rely on the
5		Fenrisson post for any of your findings and
6		recommendations?
7		MR. STEACY: No.
8	- E	MS KULASZKA: Why did you find the
9	17 11/7 1.	complaint to be frivolous?
10	88	MR. STEACY: Based on the definition
11		and the policy and procedure guidelines that the
12		Commission has under that section, that is sort of
13		where it fell.
14		MS KULASZKA: Why?
15		MR. STEACY: Because the complainant,
16	5	in pursuing the complaint, had suggested or in his
17	S	documentation said that he was looking for a specific
18		remedy, and when the respondent covered that or
19		decided agreed that they would fix what he was
20	395	complaining of, he continued with the complaint.
21		MS KULASZKA: Does that make it
22		vexatious?
23		MR. STEACY: It would depend on all
24		of the specifics of the case.
25	<i>(2)</i>	MS KULASZKA: But, in this case, you

:1	did recommend that the complaint was vexation	us.
2	MR. STEACY: I think my	
3	recommendation is the specific section of th	e Act, and
4	those are the	* * * *
5	We have certain prescribed	267
6	When we make a recommendati	on, we
7	have prescribed recommendation wording that	the
8	Commission requires we use.	
9	THE CHAIRPERSON: Ms Kulasz	ka, I want
10	to be fair to this witness, who cannot read	the text at
11	this time. I think it would be fair to let	him read
12	the exact statement that is made at paragrap	h 27.
13	MS KULASZKA: Yes. Paragra	ph 27
14	states:	
15	"It is recommended, pu	rsuant to
16	paragraph 41(1)(d) of	the
17	Canadian Human Rights	Act, that
18	the Commission not dea	l with the
19	complaint because:	
20	- The complaint is tri	vial,
21	frivolous, vexatious,	and/or
22	made in bad faith and;	
23	- The matter has been	
24	redressed."	
25	THE CHAIRPERSON: Let's eve	n put the
	StenoTran	7 8

1		punctuation in here. I think it's important:
2	10. 00	"trivial, frivolous, vexatious, and/or made in bad
3	. * .	faith and;" the next line "The matter has been
4		redressed."
5		MR. STEACY: The first part of that,
6	9.5	preceding "The matter has been redressed" the first
7	P #	part of that is the wording from the Act, and it is
8		required wording that I, as an investigator, have to
9		us, or that any other investigator has to use under
10		that section of the Act.
11		MS KULASZKA: You have in paragraph
12		25 of your report:
13	10	"Mr. Guille would like CAERS to
14		remove the hate messages from
15		its website and an undertaking
16		by CAERS to prevent future
17		publication of hate messages on
18	* 2	its website. He would also like
19	, <sup>3</sup>	CAERS to issue a public apology
20		and is seeking \$5,000 in
21	St. I	damages."
22		Is that right?
23		MR. STEACY: Yes, that's what he
24	a 5	indicated he was seeking.
25		MS KULASZKA: That is what Mr. Guille
		StenoTran
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1		wanted. He wanted it to go to a tribunal, and those
2		were the remedies he wanted.
3		MR. STEACY: Yes.
4		MS KULASZKA: In that investigation,
5		at paragraph 11, you stated that you also interviewed
6	· %	Matthew Lauder.
7		Is Matthew Lauder a regular
8		consultant for the Commission?
9		MR. STEACY: He is not a consultant
10		for the Commission.
11	1 E	MS KULASZKA: Is he someone who you
12		would consult with on an informal basis?
13		MR. STEACY: As I said, he is not a
14		consultant. We don't have consultants, per se, like
15		that.
16		MS KULASZKA: Is he someone you would
17		phone for information?
18		MR. STEACY: Not on a regular basis.
19		This is the first time he has ever been spoken to as a
20		witness in a case.
21	47.4	MS KULASZKA: Why did you phone him?
22		MR. STEACY: Because there had been
23		some indication within the documentation I received in
24		the file that Matthew Lauder was aware of who Mr.
25		Guille was, and it was done in an attempt to verify the

1		position of the respondent, or not verify the position
2	, ,	of the respondent.
3		MS KULASZKA: In essence, you did a
4		very large investigation of the complainant in this
5		case.
6		You go to the police, you go to
7		Matthew Lauder correct?
8		MR. STEACY: I wouldn't characterize
9		it as a large investigation on the complainant.
10		Certain issues were raised about the complainant, and
11	3	if those issues had been raised about the respondent, I
12		would have done the same thing to verify that
13		information.
14		It was done in the process of
15		verifying facts.
16		MS KULASZKA: In the case of Mr.
17		Warman, he has laid many complaints with the Commission
18		under section 13, and you must be aware that he has
19		given a speech to the ARA, and probably elsewhere,
20	S 8	about how he is using these complaints to disrupt his
21		opponents. Maximum disruption he calls it. It keeps
22		them busy. They are so busy defending themselves that
23		they haven't got time to do anything else.
24		Have you ever investigated Mr. Warman
25	27	for how he is using these complaints?

1		MR. STEACY: I am aware of what has
2		been in the press about him and what he has said in the
3	36 25	press, and in investigation reports there is
4		information about Mr. Warman and his activities.
5		MS KULASZKA: Have you ever
6	8	investigated his activities?
7		MR. STEACY: Specifically, I have
8		never investigated Mr. Warman's activities. It's not
9		my job to investigate Mr. Warman's activities.
10		MS KULASZKA: But if a future
11	(4) 2)	complaint is made by Mr. Warman and the respondent
12		gives you this type of information and says that it is
13		frivolous and vexatious, you would investigate that,
14		would you not?
15	. "	MR. STEACY: Yes, I would.
16		MS KULASZKA: The Fenrisson post came
17		up in another one of your investigations, did it not?
18	9	MR. STEACY: I don't believe so. I
19	E 19	know that it was referred to in another investigation,
20		but I don't believe that I was the investigator in that
21		case.
22		MS KULASZKA: Do you know who that
23		was?
24		MR. STEACY: My recollection is that
25	a <sup>rt</sup>	it was probably Sandy Kozak.

1		M	S KULASZKA: Why would the Fenrisson
2		post be relied upor	n to dismiss a complaint?
3		М	R. STEACY: I didn't investigate
4		that case. You wou	ald have to speak to Ms Kozak.
5	u <sup>#</sup>	m M	S KULASZKA: When a complaint is
6		received, there is	a form letter that is sent to the
7		respondent, and a r	number of things are asked for.
8		W	e will go to that form letter so
9	58 kil	that we can see exa	actly what it is.
10		Y	ou are familiar with that letter?
11	# #	M	R. STEACY: Yes. It is generally
12		called our notifica	ation letter.
13	0	M	S KULASZKA: An example in this case
14	e e	is at Tab 1 of R-1.	
15		Po	age 1 of 2 is what you would call
16		the notification le	etter?
17		D	id you do any work on the Marc
18		Lemire case?	
19		M	R. STEACY: Against Freedomsite?
20		M	S KULASZKA: Any work on this case,
21		yes.	
22		M	R. STEACY: Freedomsite, no, I did
23		not.	
24	49	I	was away on leave when this case
25		was investigated.	

1.	MS K	ULASZKA: Page 2 of the
2	notification letter st	cates as follows:
3	* 5	"At this time, I would
4		appreciate received by March 9,
5		2004 your position regarding the
6		allegations including, but not
7	9 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	limited to, the following:
8		1. Do you own and/or control
9		the www.freedomsite.org and
10		http://chat.freedomsite.org
11		websites? If not, who owns
12	The second of th	and/or controls these websites?
13		What is"
	, # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	8. 2. 8.
14.	I wo	n't repeat the URLs. They give
	I won	n't repeat the URLs. They give
14	ig.	n't repeat the URLs. They give "present Internet address
14 15	ig.	
14 15 16	ig.	"present Internet address
14 15 16 17	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?
14 15 16 17	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the
14 15 16 17 18	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the www.freedomsite.org?
14 15 16 17 18 19	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the www.freedomsite.org?  3. What is the intent of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the www.freedomsite.org?  3. What is the intent of the information/documentation posted
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the www.freedomsite.org?  3. What is the intent of the information/documentation posted on the websites?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ig.	"present Internet address (URL)?  2. What is the purpose of the www.freedomsite.org?  3. What is the intent of the information/documentation posted on the websites?  4. Who is responsible for

1	U 5	information/documentation on the
2		websites?
3	a) te	5. How are the documents (e.g.)
4		being posted on the
5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	www.freedomsite.org and"
6	8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	I will just say "freedomsite.org
7	websites."	
8		"6. Who is your present
9	, a a	Internet Service Provider (ISP)?
10	v 9	Where is it located? Please
11		provide a copy of the ISP's
12	9 9 W	arrangement. Please provide a
13		copy of the agreement with ISP."
14		We will go back to these questions.
15	* *	What is the purpose of Point 3, which
16	is:	e si a se
17		"What is the intent of the
18		information/documentation posted
19	27 28	on the websites?"
20		MR. STEACY: The question is being
21	asked to determin	ne the purpose of the website.
22		MS KULASZKA: And why would you ask
23	that?	
24		MR. STEACY: I guess that it was
25	asked to determin	ne whether it was structured to elicit
4	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	StenoTran

1		hatred and/or contempt and possibly violate section 13
2	er"	of the Act.
3	9	MS KULASZKA: But isn't that your job
4		as an investigator?
5		MR. STEACY: Is it my job as an
6		investigator to make that determination?
7	-	MS KULASZKA: Yes. Isn't it your job
8		to
9		MR. STEACY: Yes, but I have to
10		gather information from both parties. I can't just
11	96 - 98 98 23	say, "Oh, there it is," without understanding the
12	(a )2	nature of the information or why that information was
13		posted.
14		As an investigator you are gathering
15	e	facts, and both parties have a right to provide a
16		position.
17	8	MS KULASZKA: Why do you ask who the
18	2	ISP is?
19		MR. STEACY: We want to know who the
20		ISP is in order to determine, in some cases,
21	× .	jurisdiction. As well, if there is information that
22		could be deemed in violation of section 13, and we
23	(*)	can't get the cooperation of the parties to have that
24		information removed, one thing we could do is go to the
	(4)	
25	20	ISP and ask them to remove it.

<u> 5</u> 1		That would be done, obviously, well
2		after the complaint has been heard by the Commission
3		and/or the Tribunal.
4	Va.	MS KULASZKA: But, in some instances,
5		like the B.C. White Pride case, there was no decision.
6		In fact, that letter was written before there was any
7		kind of decision by the Tribunal.
8		MR. STEACY: That could be done.
9		As I said, the investigative powers
10		that we have are fairly broad, and it depends on the
11	9 (	nature of the case.
12		MS KULASZKA: What do you mean by the
13		ISP's arrangement?
14	e	MR. STEACY: The service contract
15		that the individual has with their ISP.
16		MS KULASZKA: What are you looking
17		for in that arrangement?
18		MR. STEACY: To see if the ISP
19	왕	contract has a statement about what an individual can
20		or cannot present on their website.
21		MS KULASZKA: Would that be called an
22		Acceptable Use Policy?
23		MR. STEACY: It might be.
24		MS KULASZKA: If someone did provide
25		you with that agreement or arrangement, and you found
		The state of the s

1	that there was no Acceptable Use Policy in it, would
2	you contact the ISP and ask them why they don't have
3	such a clause?
4	MR. STEACY: We might.
5	MS KULASZKA: Have you done that?
6	MR. STEACY: I haven't.
7	MS KULASZKA: To your knowledge, have
8	other people at the Commission?
9	MR. STEACY: I don't know.
10	MS KULASZKA: Would you like to take
11	a break at this time?
12	THE CHAIRPERSON: That would be fine.
13	MR. VIGNA: I was wondering about Mr.
14	Goldberg and what time I should tell him to be here
15	tomorrow, because, for sure, he will not be needed
16	today.
17	THE CHAIRPERSON: I think it is quite
18	clear that he will not be needed today.
19	MR. VIGNA: I will call him at the
20	break, if that is agreeable.
21	MS KULASZKA: That's agreeable.
22	Upon recessing at 3:20 p.m.
23	Upon resuming at 3:50 p.m.
24	MS KULASZKA: Mr. Steacy, you were
25	talking before about context and how important it is

1		when you do your investigation. What value do you give
2		freedom of speech when you investigate one of these
3		complaints?
4		MR. STEACY: Freedom of speech is an
5		American concept, so I don't give it any value.
6		MS KULASZKA: Okay. That was a clear
7		answer.
8		MR. STEACY: It's not my job to give
9		value to an American concept.
10		MS KULASZKA: I will give you an
11		example. The AOL complaints you spoke about earlier
12	o <sup>rr</sup> ∉c la	and you said that they dealt with postings about the
13		same-sex marriage debate.
14		Is that right?
15		MR. STEACY: Yes.
16		MS KULASZKA: Did you give any kind
17	A 9	of consideration to the fact that people were
18		participating in a political debate at the time?
19	×,	MR. STEACY: Yes.
20		MS KULASZKA: How did you do so?
21		MR. STEACY: In evaluating the
22		information or the postings that were given by the
23		posters, what was looked at were the arguments that
24	928	were being made by the complainant and/or the
25	E 94	respondent, and basically the positions of the parties.

1		In one case, one of the respondents
2		put the issue forward of freedom of expression. That
3	3 2	was part of his defence, and what he had posted was
4		what he had posted. That information was provided to
5		the complainant for his comment, and, again, based on
6	21.	the facts raised or the information provided by both
7		parties, that is what was presented in the
8		investigation report.
9		I didn't make a value judgment as to
10		whether or not the complainant or the respondent
11		that the positions they were taking were right or
12		wrong, I presented both parties' positions.
13	ĕ	My job is not to evaluate the intent
14		or the reasons why the individual posted what he
15	18	posted, or evaluate the reasons why the complainant is
16	lit	complaining. He has made an allegation and my job is
17		to investigate whether it happened and, based on the
18		pertinent facts, I come up with a recommendation, and
19		that recommendation is presented to the Commission and
20	20	the Commission makes the decision to deal with it or
21		not to deal with it, and it recommends what it is
22		allowed to recommend.
23		MS KULASZKA: Do you take into
24	16 E1	account, for instance, in that case, that there is a
25		political debate, it is very heated, and that people

1	12	might get emotional about it?
2		MR. STEACY: Yes, that was one of the
3		factors that was taken into account in one of the
4		cases.
5		But, at the same point in time, the
6	* a	comments and how far they went, and where they went,
7		and the level of the intensity that they went, was also
8		factored into the position of the parties.
9		MS KULASZKA: So if someone claims
10.		freedom of speech for what they said, it is rejected
11		out of hand?
12		MR. STEACY: If somebody is claiming
13	*	freedom of expression, it is not rejected.
14	## Pa	As I said, freedom of speech is an
15		American concept, it is not a Canadian concept. If
16		somebody said, "I am doing this because of freedom of
17		speech," I would equate that to somebody raising a
18	(9	freedom of expression concept.
19		MS KULASZKA: But you do realize that
20		freedom of expression is protected under the Charter of
21		Rights in Canada.
22		MR. STEACY: To a point it is.
23		MS KULASZKA: Yes, so I am asking you
24		if you try to balance these values, these rights, in an
25		investigation of section 13.

1	8	MS DAVIES: Mr. Chair, is the witness
2		being asked to do a constitutional analysis?
3	0	It is not his job to determine
4	Už	whether section 13 is constitutional, he just applies
5	*	it.
6		THE CHAIRPERSON: Yes, I understand
7		that. That is clear, but I think it is important to
8		understand how the Commission undertakes its
9		investigations.
10		I think that is what is being asked
11		for here, on what basis does he exercise his duties to
12		make recommendations.
13		That's understood.
14		It is certainly quite enlightening to
15		hear what he is saying. Go ahead.
16		MR. STEACY: What specific type of
17		language am I allowed to use?
18		THE CHAIRPERSON: You are free to use
19		any language you want.
20		MR. STEACY: I mean profane language.
21	*	THE CHAIRPERSON: Oh, it's
22		permissible, given the nature of the subject matter.
23	54	You may use profane language.
24		MR. STEACY: If, for example, a
25		posting says, "Every gay person should be taken out and
		C. T.

1	= =	whacked because t	hey are butt fuckers," like was in
2		some of the posti	ngs, in my interpretation, in the
3		training I receiv	red, that goes beyond what is
4		allowable.	
5		i i di	If somebody writes in a posting, "I
6	9	disagree with gay	marriages because my religious
7		beliefs tell me t	hat it's against my religion," that's
8		freedom of expres	sion.
9	63	a a	MS KULASZKA: Do you take into
10	6 8	account on messag	e boards that people are sitting in
11		their homes and t	hey perceive message boards as being
12		private space?	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
13			MR. STEACY: No.
14			MS KULASZKA: Do you take into
15		account the fact	that they believe they are conversing
16		with other people	?
17		6	MR. STEACY: Yes, I do.
18	1		MS KULASZKA: How do you take that
19		into account?	
20			MR. STEACY: Regardless of the fact
21		that you are conv	ersing with somebody else, you don't
22	s <sup>ia</sup> ,	have the right to	say absolutely anything you desire,
23		especially when i	t's in a written format.
24		e e	MS KULASZKA: Would you agree that a
25		lot of this mater	ial, like the example you just gave,

1		is almost barroom talk?
2		If you were in a bar, you could hear
3		this kind of talk.
4	*	MR. STEACY: Yes, but that doesn't
5	×."	mean it's acceptable.
6		MS KULASZKA: No, it doesn't mean
7		that it's acceptable, but it is the equivalent, isn't
8		it?
9		MR. STEACY: No.
10		MS KULASZKA: Except one is written
11	8	and one is oral.
12	, in	MR. STEACY: Yes.
13		MS KULASZKA: I am going to give you
14		an example. This is something from my personal
15		experience. This is a friend who had retired and her
16		husband was driving her crazy, because he had retired
17		too, and she was complaining to someone I know about
18		it, and she said, "You know, I think I'm going to have
19		to shoot the bugger." She was talking about her
20	0 20	husband, because he kept following her around their
21	* .	apartment.
22		In an oral conversation it's
23		humorous, but what if she had put that on a message
24	2	board?
25	₩	MR. STEACY: I would think that the
	56	StenoTran

1		police might think there had been a death threat made.
2	n. s	MS KULASZKA: That's right. It would
3	0.	stop being funny. It would stop being a little
4,		profane, but funny, a bit of a joke, and it would
5		become quite serious, simply because it's written.
6	# 10 N	Is that right?
7		MR. STEACY: Yes.
8		MS KULASZKA: Do you ever take into
9		account that context?
10	33	MR. STEACY: Yes, I do, and I have.
11		MS KULASZKA: Do you take into
12	74 11.7	account the fact that people who post on a message
13		board are not part of a large-scale scheme to promote
14	93	hatred?
15	ř:	MR. STEACY: Again, it depends on the
16	(* E	case. It depends on what was posted on the board. It
17	8 8	depends on what the allegations of the complaint are.
18	60	MS KULASZKA: But you are aware that,
19	A* 18	in the Taylor case, John Ross Taylor had a party called
20	×	The Western Guard Party and that taped telephone
21		messages were part of their outreach program?
22		It was an outreach program. It was
23	· ·	regular. It was organized. It was a campaign to reach
24		the public, wasn't it?
25		MR. STEACY: I am historically aware

ti.	of what went on. I am also aware that the Court found
A 2	that it violated the law.
	MS KULASZKA: Yes, but you are
	familiar with the Taylor case just by the fact that you
2.9	do section 13 investigations.
	MR. STEACY: That's correct.
21.1	MS KULASZKA: And you are aware that
	the Supreme Court held that it had to be part of a
V. 225	large-scale scheme in the public?
	MR. STEACY: I am not specifically
	aware that it said it that way, but I will take your
	word for it, if that's what was written.
	MS KULASZKA: How many cases that you
	have done have dealt with bulletin boards or message
	boards?
∰ ©	MR. STEACY: I would say no more than
5	15.
	MS KULASZKA: Out of how many?
	MR. STEACY: Out of, probably, 30.
	MS KULASZKA: So half?
P 94 B	MR. STEACY: I wouldn't say it was
	half, because one case involved nine it was what we
(4	call a combined complaint, so it would be one. There
	was one complainant against AOL, plus eight other
	conjoined respondents.

1	They were the individuals who had
2	been posting on the AOL bulletin board.
3	MS KULASZKA: In your policy
4	guidelines that you referred to, is there any mention
5	of freedom of speech or how it should be taken into
6	account in section 13 investigations?
.7	MR. STEACY: I don't recall. I would
8	have to review it again.
9	MS KULASZKA: Is there any mention of
10	freedom of conscience?
11	MR. STEACY: No.
12	MS KULASZKA: I want to go to R-3,
13	which is the small binder, at Tab 1, the fourth page.
14	Mr. Steacy, this is a letter signed
15	by you, which is dated May 17, 2006, and it is with
16	respect to a complaint that was laid by the respondent
17	in this case, Marc Lemire.
18	It is about complaints against the
19	Peel Regional Police, the Canadian Broadcasting
20	Corporation and the Bell Globemedia Publishing company.
21	Do you remember that complaint?
22	MR. STEACY: Yes, I do.
23	MS KULASZKA: It says under "The Peel
24	Regional Police," at the bottom of the first page of
25	the letter:

1		"You allege that the Peel
2	2	Regional Police is
3		discriminating against First
4		Nations peoples and White people
5		by repeatedly sending emails via
6	y *	their computer systems, which
. 7	g at the second	would likely contravene section
8		13 of the CHRA.
9	*	It would appear that this was
10		a private email that was sent by
11		employees of the Peel Regional
12	5 2 5 m	Police to employees of the Royal
13		Canadian Mounted Police. As
14	A A	such, the sending of the said
15	Ç-	email would constitute private
16	e e	communication. In Canada (Human
17		Rights Commission) v. Taylor,
18		the Supreme Court of Canada
19		explored the purpose of s. 13
20		stating that by focussing upon
21	7 9 E	`repeated' telephonic messages,
22		s. 13(1) directs its attention
23		to public, larger-scale schemes
24		for the dissemination of hate
25	a a a a	propaganda. You did not provide

1	any documentation or evidence
2	that would indicate that this
3	email was disseminated to the
4	general public or was made
5	accessible to the general public
6	by the Respondent.
7	Consequently, it does not appear
8	that your complaint falls under
9	s. 13 of the Canadian Human
10	Rights Act."
11	Do you remember writing that?
12	MR. STEACY: Yes, I do.
13	MS KULASZKA: So in that paragraph
14	you do refer to Taylor, and that what is required is a
15	public, larger-scale scheme for the dissemination of
16	hate propaganda.
17	MR. STEACY: Yes.
18	MS KULASZKA: You would agree that
19	these were e-mails, or a private e-mail, and it was
20	about ethnic jokes, was it not?
21	MR. STEACY: My recollection of the
22	e-mail is that it was lyrics of a song, or portions of
23	lyrics of a song that had been passed in an e-mail.
24	MS KULASZKA: I think it was a series
25	of jokes about Indians. Whether there were lyrics, I

1		don't know. I think it was jokes.
2	76	The police were sending this joke
3		around their e-mail systems. Right?
4		MR. STEACY: That's what Mr. Lemire
5	70	indicated or alleged.
6	P 0	MS KULASZKA: How does that compare
7		to a message board where you actually have to sign in
8 -		or log in to get into the message board?
9		MR. STEACY: The difference is that
10		anybody could log in or sign into the message board,
11		where the Peel Regional Police is restricted by the
12		Peel Regional Police and its IT and its scope of
13		business.
14		MS KULASZKA: But you realize that
15		the e-mails weren't restricted to the Peel Police, they
16		had sent it to the RCMP. They had friends in the RCMP
17		and beyond.
18		MR. STEACY: Mr. Lemire indicated
19		that it had been forwarded through e-mail, yes.
20		MS KULASZKA: So it wasn't restricted
21		to Peel.
22	E:	MR. STEACY: It was restricted within
23		an e-mail and not just
24	*, u	The general public, in that sense,
25		didn't have access to those e-mails.

1		9	MS KULASZKA: A message board is
2		really the same t	hing, it's a private space for the
. 3		people who join t	hat message board.
4	el vi	2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	MS DAVIES: Mr. Chair, I think that
5		is argument, not	a question.
6			THE CHAIRPERSON: Yes, it was sort of
7		argument.	
8			Could you make it more of a question,
9	* *	Ms Kulaszka?	
10			MS KULASZKA: Would you not agree
11	19	that a bulletin b	oard or a message board, where you
12		actually have to	join, open an account, or sign in, is
13		essentially the s	ame as an e-mail system?
14		≈ m	MR. STEACY: No, I wouldn't agree.
15		₩ €	MS KULASZKA: Why not?
16		V	MR. STEACY: Because an e-mail
17		system, such as t	he RCMP or the Peel Regional Police
18		would have, would	be something that you are given
19		access to through	a required worksite, and it is
20		restricted within	that worksite; whereas a message
21		board can be open	to, and is often open to anybody who
22		wishes to join.	
23			There is a difference. I believe
24	9 9	there is a differ	ence in access and requirement of
25		access and restri	ction of access.

1		MS KULASZKA: But you would agree
2	10 16	that access is restricted.
3		MR. STEACY: It is more restricted in
4	200	e-mail and who has the ability to have access to e-mail
5	*	or an internal work e-mail than an external bulletin
6	- 14 - 21 - 41 - 44	board that is put on an internet website.
7		MS KULASZKA: So even though access
8		to a bulletin board is restricted, you still contend
9		that it is a public, large-scale scheme for the
10		dissemination of hate propaganda.
11		MR. STEACY: Yes.
12		MS KULASZKA: In that same letter you
13		talk about the media organizations and their websites,
14		and you state:
15		"In regards to your complaints
16		against the media organizations
17	20	and their websites, it would
18		appear that the information on
19		the media websites is a fair and
20		accurate report of events."
21		Is that right? You said that?
22		MR. STEACY: That's correct.
23		MS KULASZKA: And those media reports
24		reproduced the jokes.
25		MR. STEACY: I believe so.

1	MS KULASZKA: So we are back, again,
2	to what you call context.
3	Is that right?
4	MR. STEACY: We are back to the end
5	use of what was on the websites of the media.
6	MS KULASZKA: That's right. The
7	jokes were reproduced in the article, and on their own
8	they contravene section 13.
9	Would you think that?
10	MR. STEACY: If they were standing on
11	their own, yes, they would contravene section 13.
12	MS KULASZKA: But because they were
13	included in a report in a newspaper, instead you said
14	that it was okay because it was a fair and accurate
15	report of events.
16	MR. STEACY: They weren't put on
17	there to elicit hatred and/or contempt.
18	MS KULASZKA: So the intent was not
19	to incite hatred.
20	MR. STEACY: They weren't there to
21	elicit hatred and/or contempt.
22	MS KULASZKA: Do you think that makes
23	a difference to an Aboriginal person reading those
24	jokes?
25	MR. STEACY: I can't really answer

1		that question.
2		MS KULASZKA: Wasn't that the point
3		of section 13, that the intent didn't matter, that the
4	*	harm was already there, no matter what the intent was?
5	e E	MS DAVIES: Mr. Chair, I don't think
6		the witness can speak to legislative intent.
7		MS KULASZKA: I am trying to get at
8		how this investigation was handled, and exactly how the
9		Commission is handling these things.
10		I think that, over and over, they are
11		looking at intent.
12	Sec	THE CHAIRPERSON: I know, but the
13		last question was a bit more argument.
14		It is something, I am sure, that you
15	2. 1	can raise in your arguments, Ms Kulaszka. I don't know
16	24.00	whether this witness could provide an answer to your
17		question.
18		MS KULASZKA: Okay. Your letter goes
19	8	on:
20		"Therefore, it does not appear
21		that the information on the
22		media websites constitutes the
23		communication of hate messages
24		under the Canadian Human Rights
25		Act as it was merely posted to
		StenoTran

1	90 55	report the news."
2		You wrote that.
3		MR. STEACY: Yes.
4	ř	MS KULASZKA: "In this context,
5		the media organizations which
6	7.	you have cited within your
7		letter would be considered
8		broadcasting undertakings and
9		therefore, would be exempted
10	# # #	pursuant to s. 13(2) of the
11		CHRA"
12	w *0	I won't read that whole section, but
13		the very last part of that provision says that
14		subsection 13(1) does not apply in respect of a matter
15		that is communicated in whole or in part by means of
16		the facilities of a broadcasting undertaking.
17		What kind of definition of
18		"broadcasting undertaking" is the Commission using?
19	9	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, here again we
20		are asking for almost a legislative interpretation.
21		THE CHAIRPERSON: There is another
22		thing, too. I don't want us to get into a judicial
2,3		review of this decision, as well.
24	2	I don't know if you have or have not
25		reviewed it, but I won't be judicially reviewing the

1		decision not to deal with the complaint here.
2		MS KULASZKA: I will ask another
3		question.
4		THE CHAIRPERSON: Broadcasting
5		undertaking, I mean
6		MS KULASZKA: Why is a website by a
7.		newspaper or the CBC a broadcasting undertaking?
8		There is virtually no difference
9		between websites. A blog, the website of the Globe and
10		Mail, they are all on the internet and they are all
11	48	viewed through exactly the same protocols.
12		MR. STEACY: If the information, per
13	* * * * *	se, had been on a blog or on a bulletin board site and
14		had been posted that way, and it had not been removed,
15		or it was still there, in that sense, in our process,
16		we would have taken a complaint against that portion of
17		the website.
18		And we have entertained complaints
19	n.	against media broadcasting organizations that have
20	17	dualfold websites, where they have their news/media
21		portion of the website and an area where they entertain
22	.0	chat room/bulletin board facilities.
23		So if the information had been there,
24	50 5	and that's what had been complained of, we probably
25	e e	would have taken a complaint under section 13.1. But
* *		StenoTran

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25	exemption. Once the exemption applies, then section 13
24	I am asking you. You say that you applied an
23	MS KULASZKA: But you understand what
22	complaint."
21	would have to come to us and say, "I want to make a
20	whether or not we would take a complaint. Somebody
19	they put on it, and it's not my decision to determine
18	MR. STEACY: It would depend on what
17	broadcasting portion of their website?
16	very outrageous article on what you call their
15	MS KULASZKA: What if they put up a
14	MR. STEACY: That's not correct, no.
13	13 applies to them?
12	they want and you are never going to say that section
11	the National Post, basically they can put up anything
10	me that, so long as it is the CBC, the Globe and Mail,
9	MS KULASZKA: Is it your evidence to
8	is similar to most any other website.
7	use to put up their website, but I would assume that it
6	MR. STEACY: I don't know what they
5	other website in the world would use.
4	uses the same software and the same protocols that any
3	that a website put up by the CBC or the Globe and Mail
2	MS KULASZKA: But you would agree
<b>T</b>	this was in their media broadcasting area.

1		doesn't apply. It doesn't matter what the material
2		constitutes.
3		MR. STEACY: It is to that specific
4		portion of the website.
5		We have other respondents in other
6	30	portions of the Act where part of the respondent is
7		federally regulated and part of the respondent is
8		provincially regulated. So if somebody was to complain
9	590	about something on the portion that is provincially
10		regulated, we can't take a complaint against that
11	6 841 81	portion of the respondent that is provincially
12	18	regulated. But if someone was to complain about the
13		federal regulation portion of the organization, we
14		would take a complaint.
15		MS KULASZKA: But your jurisdiction
16		doesn't come from that, it comes from the fact that the
17	19	internet is being used.
18	A <sup>2</sup> as as	MR. STEACY: But, also, there is an
19		exemption for 13(2). The broadcasting of their website
20		is exempt.
21		MS KULASZKA: How do you tell the
22		difference?
23		MR. STEACY: Generally, it is pretty
24		obvious what the difference is. You can tell that it
25	9	is the portion because it is usually a rebroadcast

- T		of a news program that had been on television or on the
2	D)	radio.
3		MS KULASZKA: What if, say, in this
4		case, the jokes were not rebroadcast on the radio?
5	32	MR. STEACY: And they were on another
6	- E	portion of the website? We would probably take a
7		complaint.
8	10	THE CHAIRPERSON: I would like to get
9		a clarification, Mr. Steacy. This letter came after a
10		full investigation on your part, or was it at some sort
11		of preliminary stage?
12		MR. STEACY: It was more at a
13		preliminary stage. Mr. Lemire had contacted the
14		Commission, saying that he wanted to file a complaint
15		at what we call the intake stage, and it was assigned
16	<i>8</i>	to me to deal with, and through the analysis portion of
17		what we do to determine whether or not it is a
18	ε:	complaint, it was determined, based on the information
19		provided in the letter, that it was not.
20		THE CHAIRPERSON: So had your
21	A' 2	findings been different I am trying to get the
22		procedure straight in my mind had your findings been
23		different, you would have sent one of the intake kits
24		to the complainant?
25		MR STEACY: That's correct.

1	THE CHAIRPERSON: The proposed
2	complainant.
.3	MR. STEACY: He would have been sent
4	an intake kit, and a signed complaint would then have
5	been processed.
6	THE CHAIRPERSON: In one of the
7	examples that you gave earlier of the
8	federal-provincial situation, if someone wanted to file
9	a complaint against his local supermarket, you would
10	immediately recognize that it was not a federal matter,
11	and this would be the type of letter that would go out.
12	Right?
13	MR. STEACY: That's correct.
14	For example, not that I want to
15	really name a respondent
16	THE CHAIRPERSON: No.
17	MR. STEACY: Hydro, for example. I
18	think it is called Ontario Power Generation. If
19	somebody was complaining about the local hydro
20	switching station, that would be provincial
21	jurisdiction. But if they were talking about Chalk
22	River or if they were talking about Bruce or any of the
23	nuclear power stations, nuclear power falls under
24	federal regulation, so we would entertain a complaint.
25	THE CHAIRPERSON: I understand.

1		MS K	ULASZKA: In determining if
2	something is a ha	ate me	essage, do you take into account
3	what is accepted	gener	cally in the community for
4	statements?	1	
5	ar a s	I am	going to give you an example.
6	would ask you to	look	at R-17, Tab 22.
7		I am	going to read some portions of
8	this article.		u e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
9			"Canadian politicians,
10			weak-kneed and quivering as
11			always, will continue to pander
12			to vocal minorities until such
13			time as the silent majority
14	, a	u <sup>lia</sup>	awakens from its deep winter
15	4		slumber. Democracy is meant to
16	2		serve all, not just those who
17			endlessly demand that their
18			rights supersede the rights of
19	y s		all others."
20		THE (	CHAIRPERSON: Ms Kulaszka, you
21	should point out	for t	the witness that this appears to
22	be an excerpt fro	om the	e editorial page, or "Letters to
23	the Editor", of t	he Na	tional Post of Monday, April 23,
24	2007.		I y
25		MS KU	JLASZKA: Yes, I was going to do
ia M			StenoTran

1	that.
2	THE CHAIRPERSON: I'm sorry. I think
3	the witness should know that before you read it to him.
4	I think that's fair.
5	The rest of us can identify the fact
6	that it is an editorial letter.
7	MS KULASZKA: What I am reading from
8	is the National Post of April 23rd of this year. It is
9	the letters section. An article had been written about
10	how easy it was for natives to break the law, and it
11.	was written by Lorne Gunter. These are two letters in
12	response to his article.
13	The second letter says:
14	"After having read Lorne
15	Gunter's article, I can't help
16	but wonder: Who is actually in
17	support of these criminals?
18	This whole railroad-blockade
19	fiasco is about money, not land.
20	All one has to do is drive by
21	the nearest reserve and see the
22	condition of the properties:
23	You quickly realize that the
24	residents are a far cry from
25	their Earth-worshipping
	StenoTran

1	2 4	ancestors. In many cases, they
2		turn land into garbage dumps.
3		If they truly cared about the
4	n an war	land, they would tend it
5		properly.
6		I wonder where native
7	a to the second	protestors think they will get
8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	their handouts from when the
9		economy slows thanks to the
10	***	blockage of major trade
11	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	arteries.
12	* ************************************	It seems to me that we the
13		taxpayers are victims at the
14		hands of a bunch of weaklings in
15		government. I shouldn't have to
16		work so that an able-bodied
17	8 8 9	native can sit on the side of a
18	n ar gr	railway track, disrupt society
19	*	and collect a free cheque from
20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	me."
21	That	is accepted in the marketplace
22	in the Canadian commun	nity. It is a letter published in
23	a newspaper, with mass	s circulation
24	MR.	VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I object to
25	the statement, in term	ns of whether it is accepted in

1		the community or not.
2		THE CHAIRPERSON: I take Ms
3	2.0	Kulaszka's question as meaning that this managed to get
4		into the National Post
5		MS KULASZKA: With a huge
6		circulation.
7	€7 ±1	MR. VIGNA: That doesn't mean,
8		necessarily, that it is exempt from liability.
9	9	THE CHAIRPERSON: You may have a
10		point there.
11		I think your question should be more
12		specific, Ms Kulaszka.
13		MS KULASZKA: I think my point to you
14	40	is, a national newspaper prints this type of letter,
15		and so far it hasn't been charged. It has passed
16		without any kind of legal repercussions.
17		Say that someone posted these letters
18		on a message board. Would you find them to be contrary
19	3 12	to section 13?
20	)F	MR. STEACY: I am not sure.
21		MS KULASZKA: Would it depend if it
22		was on a website like Stormfront?
23		MR. STEACY: What is there is
24	4 1	obviously an opinion, but it would depend on what that
25		opinion is trying to achieve. If that opinion is
11.80°		StenoTran

1		trying to achieve the elicitation of hatred or contempt
2	4	and an individual has come to the Commission and has
3		made that as an allegation, we would have to
4		investigate. That's what the Act says.
5		MS KULASZKA: So who actually posts
6		the material, the type of website is very, very
7	a 4 x	important to the Commission, isn't it?
8		MR. STEACY: No. If somebody comes
9		to us and says, "This is on a website," and we believe
10		that it meets the test of 13(1), we will look at it to
11	9 E	see if it falls within that. It doesn't matter what
12		the website is or who is running the website at the
13		initial stage.
14		MS KULASZKA: It mattered in the
15	n e	CAERS case, didn't it?
16	780	MR. STEACY: No, it didn't. We took
17		a complaint against CAERS. If it had mattered the way
18		you have characterized it, we wouldn't have taken a
19	18	complaint.
20		MS KULASZKA: You took the complaint,
21		but then you recommended that it not be dealt with, and
22		it wasn't.
23		MR. STEACY: I recommended that it
24		not be dealt with because what Mr. Guille was looking
25		for to fix the situation had been done by the

1		respondent.
2		MS KULASZKA: But it wasn't, Mr.
3	a	Steacy. He wanted \$5,000 in damages. He wanted an
4	e t	apology. He wanted an undertaking that they wouldn't
5	V	do it again.
6	8. ,	MR. STEACY: They did the majority of
7		what Mr. Guille asked for, and in the judgment of the
8	9	Anti-hate Team, when we were going through what was
9	- C	there, what Mr. Guille was asking for had been
10	3	accomplished by the respondent.
11		If the Commission had decided to
12		recommend conciliation or tribunal, that was their
13	22	decision.
14		MS KULASZKA: To your knowledge, has
15		the Commission ever not accepted the recommendation of
16		the investigator in a section 13 case?
17	iit	MR. STEACY: Yes.
18	eð.	MS KULASZKA: What case would that
19		be?
20		MR. STEACY: Several of the
21		individual complaints against individuals that were
22		involved surrounding the AOL case.
23	5 <sup>26</sup>	MS KULASZKA: So the investigator
24		made a recommendation and the commissioners didn't
25		accept it.

1,		9 2	MR. STEACY: They switched the
2	Ę	decision, yes.	
3			MS KULASZKA: Do you remember the
4		names of those dec	cisions in that case?
5			MR. STEACY: I'm sorry, I am not
6		prepared to give a	names
7			MR. VIGNA: I object to the relevance
8		of the names of the	ne complainants that are not
9		relevant	
10	(A)	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	MS KULASZKA: I am asking about the
11	100	ones that went to	the Tribunal.
12		# # #	THE CHAIRPERSON: The ones that are
13	e 14	public?	
14			MS KULASZKA: The ones that are
15		public.	
16			We are trying to keep tabs on these
17		cases.	k 2
18	и,	*	THE CHAIRPERSON: I have one concern
19	27	if they are going	to the Tribunal. As I have indicated
20		before, Commission	n reports
21	3, <sup>3</sup>	as 25	MS KULASZKA: Oh, I thought he said
22	[8] 21] 22	that they had made	e decisions, that there had been two
23		decisions.	
24			THE CHAIRPERSON: Did he say that
25	- 33	they were actually	y final decisions?

1			57 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	MS KULASZKA: Were they final
2			decisions, Mr. St	eacy?
3	3	64		MR. STEACY: The Commission had made
4			decisions that	in one case I recommended dismissal,
5			and they recommer	nded conciliation/tribunal.
6				They changed my decision.
7	78			THE CHAIRPERSON: So they are
8			Commission decisi	ons that you are talking about.
9				MR. STEACY: Yes.
10				THE CHAIRPERSON: My concern, Ms
11			Kulaszka	
12				MS KULASZKA: Yes, I thought they
13	i.		were Tribunal dec	cisions.
14				THE CHAIRPERSON: It is not normally
15		8	in the record, in	front of a tribunal, what the
16		(2)	Commission's find	lings or reports are. Until the case
17			is final, it is r	not appropriate that it be released.
18			It only comes int	o evidence for another reason, as I
19			have told you bef	Fore.
20				MS KULASZKA: Okay. Just to clarify,
21			two of them have	gone to a tribunal, but there is no
22			decision.	
23				MR. STEACY: No, that's not what I am
24	* 4		saying.	
25				What I am saying is, there was a
		70.0		

1		recommendation th	nat I made, which was to dismiss, and
2		the Commission, v	when they met, changed my
3		recommendation to	their decision, which was to send it
4		to conciliation a	and/or a tribunal.
5	*	x.	MS KULASZKA: Have any gone to a
6		tribunal?	6 8
7			Do you know?
8		a y	MR. STEACY: The ones in that group
9		of files that I	recommended go conciliation/tribunal,
10		my understanding	is that they have been referred. I
11	er er	don't know if the	ey have been heard by the Tribunal or
12	20 20	not.	х <i>э</i> у *
13	73		MS KULASZKA: If you go to Tab 2 of
14		R-3, which is the	e small binder
15	g <sub>li</sub>	Alan H	THE REGISTRAR: Are we producing Tab
16	8 2	22?	
17	*	2	MS KULASZKA: Yes, I would like to
18		produce Tab 22.	
19	. *		THE CHAIRPERSON: Yes, all right.
20		a *	The National Post has a website,
21		doesn't it?	
22	桥	-447	MS KULASZKA: The National Post has a
23	8 2	website.	
24			THE CHAIRPERSON: But this is from
25		the newspaper.	a a distribution of the second

1	*		MS KULASZKA: This is from the
2		newspaper.	
3			THE CHAIRPERSON: But it might have
4		been on the webs:	ite, too.
5			MS KULASZKA: It might have been on
6	a f	the website. The	ey put a few letters up, but I don't
7		know whether	
8		3	THE CHAIRPERSON: All right. Go on.
9	a 0	, a	This is Tab 2 of R-3?
10	B 5	e	MS KULASZKA: Tab 2 of R-3.
11			Mr. Steacy, this is a letter by
12		Kathryn Lavery.	She is an Intake Officer.
13	#15	н в н н н н н н н н н н н н н н н н н н	This was a complaint laid by Glenn
14	14	Bahr, and it was	against Sgt. Stephen Camp of the
1,5		Edmonton Police S	Service.
16			Do you know who he is?
17	8 - 9 11		MR. STEACY: Yes, I do.
18		er u	MS KULASZKA: Have you ever had any
19	5-	contact with him?	
20			MR. STEACY: I have spoken to him on
21		the phone, and I	have met him.
22		6.	MS KULASZKA: Were you aware of this
23		complaint?	
24			It had to do with postings he made on
25		Stormfront.org un	nder the pseudonym "Matt" or "Estate".

1		9 " " "	MR. STEACY: I am aware of that	
2		letter, yes.		
3	, The	e no	MS KULASZKA: The complaint was not	
4		accepted on the g	rounds of various sections of the	
5		Criminal Code	section 25(1).	13.5
6			Are you aware of this letter?	
7			MR. STEACY: Yes, I am aware of the	-
8	й Ж	letter.		
9			MS KULASZKA: Do you know why the	
10		Commission would	not open a complaint process to, at	
11		least, determine	whether Sgt. Camp was required to pos	зt
12		the postings he d	id as part of his job?	87
13	eff x		MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, I am not quite	e
14		sure that I under	stand the question.	
15	r."	s 2 *	THE CHAIRPERSON: Perhaps it is in	
16		the context of th	e provision of the Criminal Code that	_
17		you are referring	to, Ms Kulaszka?	2
18	×	\$	MS KULASZKA: Yes. I am asking why	
19	85 (Kg)	they would not ha	ve, at least, sent the complaint to a	ır.
20		investigator, so	that he could investigate whether, in	1
21		fact, what Sgt. C	amp posted was necessary as part of	
22		his duties as a p	eace officer.	
23	*	A 2 8	MR. VIGNA: Mr. Chair, this witness	
24	W	didn't deal with	the specific complaint and he would be	)€
25	ř	speculating to ad	vance a response to the question that	
	R.	pt.	StenoTran	

1		is being asked.
2		THE CHAIRPERSON: Unless he has
3		personal knowledge. We can figure that out.
4		If that is the case, he can say that
5		he has no personal knowledge.
6		Do you have any personal knowledge t
7	×	be able to answer the question?
8	*	MR. STEACY: I consulted with Ms
9		Lavery on the situation, to the extent that she asked
10		me to review the letter, when she had written it, and
11		she explained the situation to me. But I didn't have
12		any specific input into the Bahr file or the
13	) (1) (1)	information that came in, per se, to determine whether
14		or not the complaint would have been or would not have
15		been accepted.
16		It was merely to review the content
17	20 80	of her letter, to make sure that it made sense.
18		MS KULASZKA: Would that be done as
19		part of the review process, which you talked about, by
20		the Hate Team?
21		MR. STEACY: Yes, and it was also
22		part of my duties as one of the investigators whose
23	ar	primary function is to deal with hate.
24		In this case it came to me, but it
25		could have gone to another investigator.